# MIS<sup>2</sup>ACE– update and technical tips and tricks



Univ.-Professor Dr. med.

**Christian D. Etz** 

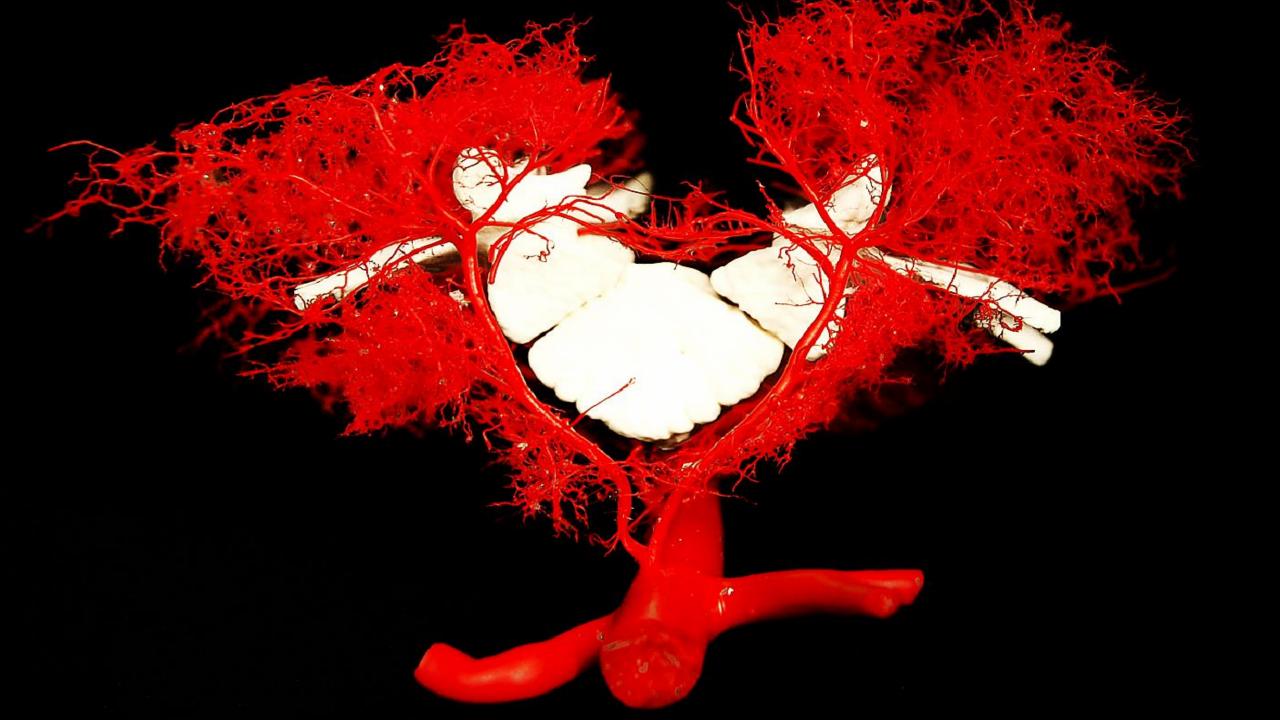
Director of Aortic Surgery, University Leipzig

#### The author declares no conflict of interest



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 733203 and the German Research Foundation.



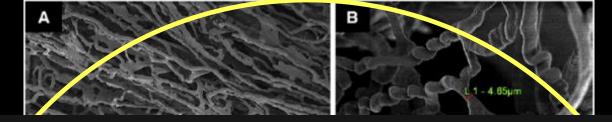


Rationale for ,staged segmental artery coil-embolisation' (MIS<sup>2</sup>ACE)

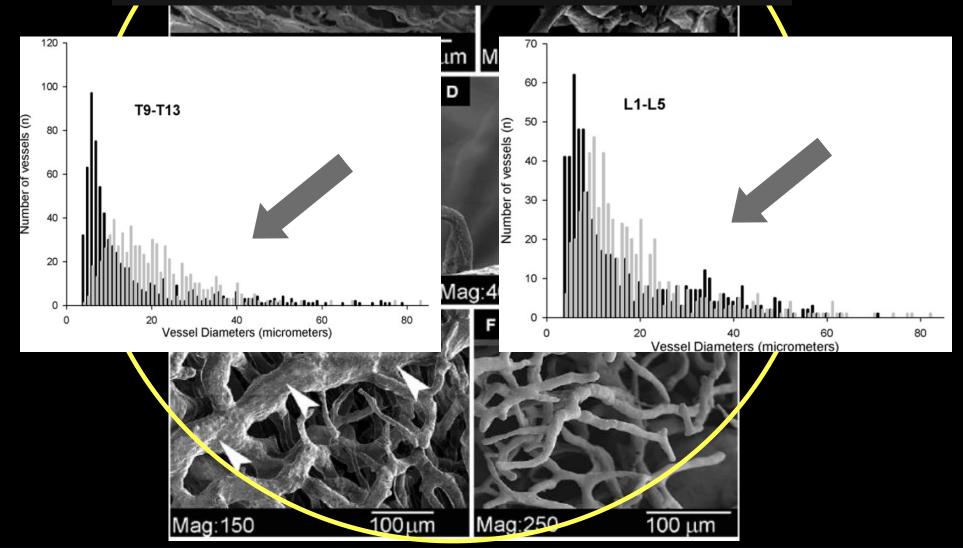
Identification of the Collateral Network

→ lead to the concept of staged ,re-routing' of arterial blood flow to avoid sudden ischemic insults

→ regional arteriogenesis

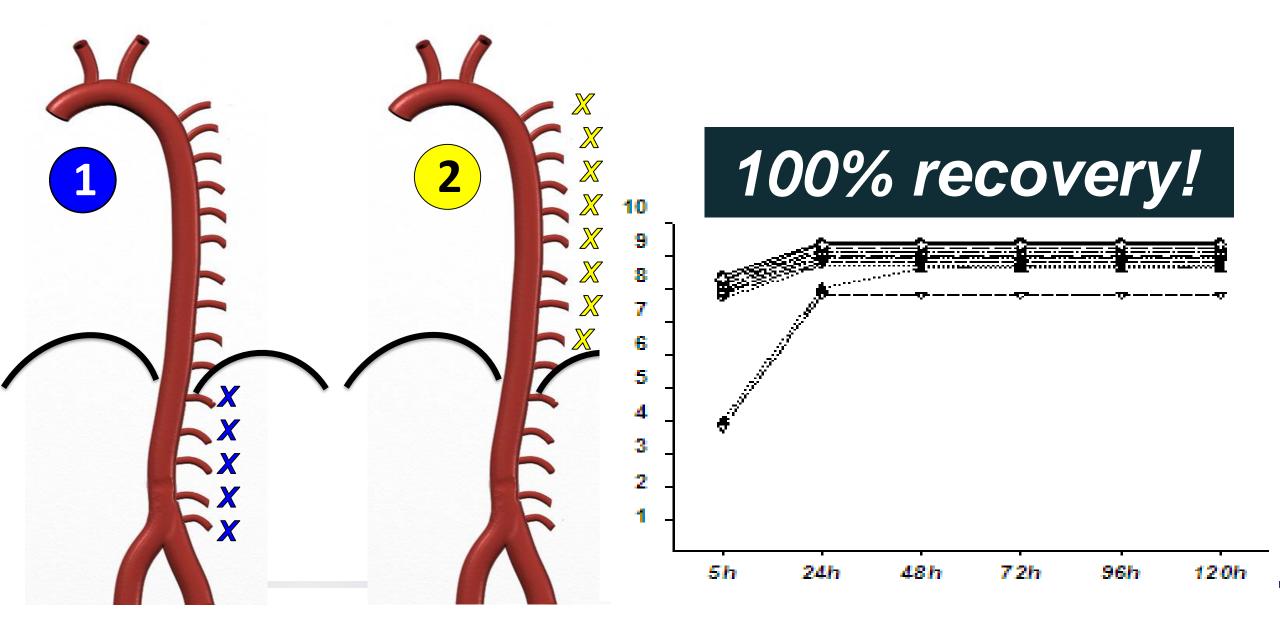


#### **EVIDENCE OF ARTERIOGENESIS**



# Experimental evidence for ,staging'

## The staged repair



# Clinical evidence for ,staging'

# Staged repair significantly reduces paraplegia rate after extensive thoracoabdominal aortic aneurysm repair

Christian D. Etz, MD, PhD,<sup>a</sup> Stefano Zoli, MD,<sup>a</sup> Christoph S. Mueller, MS,<sup>a</sup> Carol A. Bodian, DrPH,<sup>b</sup> Gabriele Di Luozzo, MD,<sup>a</sup> Ricardo Lazala, MD,<sup>a</sup> Konstadinos A. Plestis, MD,<sup>a</sup> and Randall B. Griepp, MD<sup>a</sup>

> Open surgery, staged repair: SCI reduction from 15% to 0%

Eur J Vasc Endovasc Surg (2015) 49, 248-254

#### Editor's Choice — The Impact of Early Pelvic and Lower Limb Reperfusion and Attentive Peri-operative Management on the Incidence of Spinal Cord Ischemia During Thoracoabdominal Aortic Aneurysm Endovascular Repair

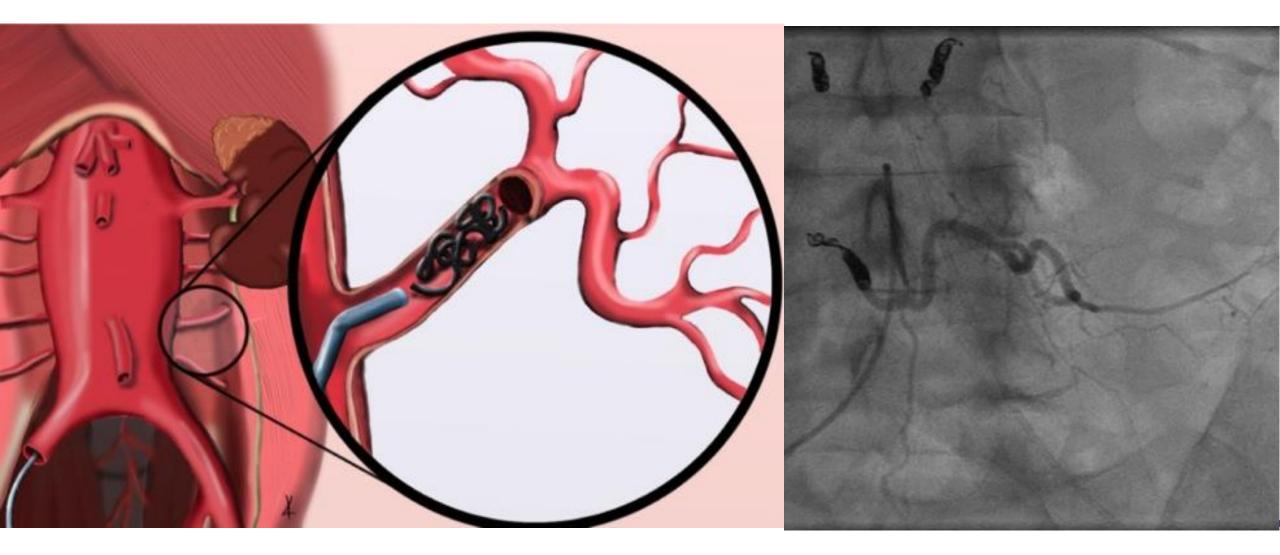
B. Maurel<sup>a</sup>, N. Delclaux<sup>a</sup>, J. Sobocinski<sup>a</sup>, A. Hertault<sup>a</sup>, T. Martin-Gonzalez<sup>a</sup>, M. Moussa<sup>a</sup>, R. Spear<sup>a</sup>, M. Le Roux<sup>a</sup>, R. Azzaoui<sup>a</sup>, M. Tyrrell<sup>b</sup>, S. Haulon<sup>a,\*</sup>

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> Endovascular, staged Repair SCI reduction "10fold" — from 25% to 2.4%

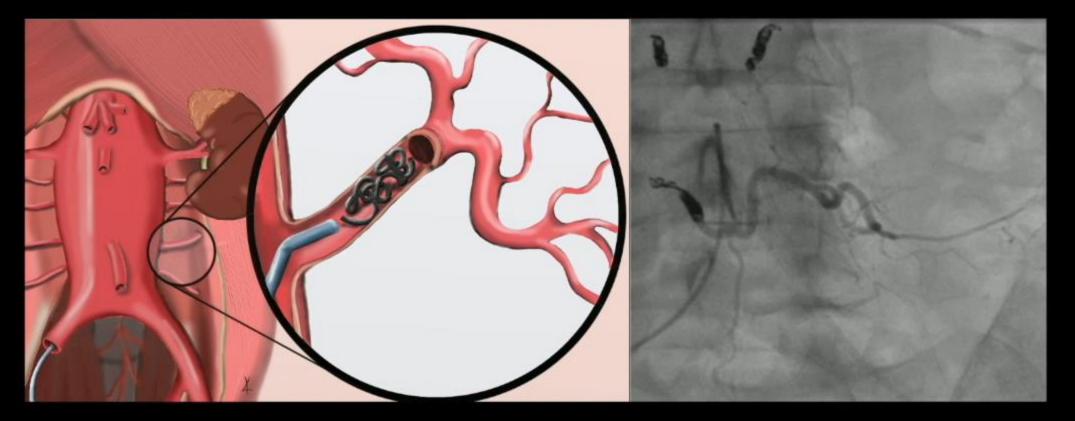
# MIS<sup>2</sup>ACE procedure

#### Minimally invasive staged segmental artery coil-embolization MIS<sup>2</sup>ACE

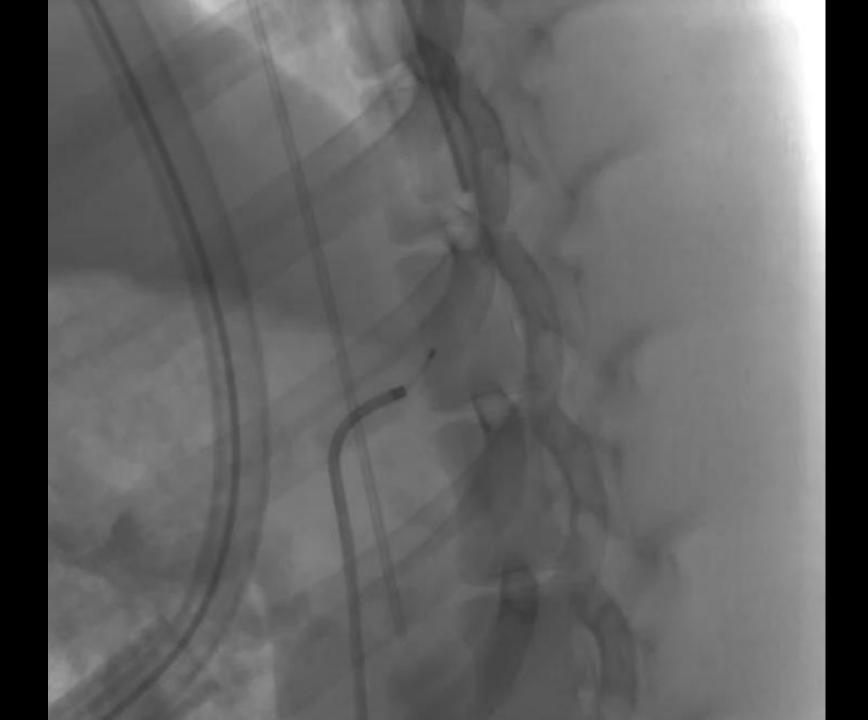


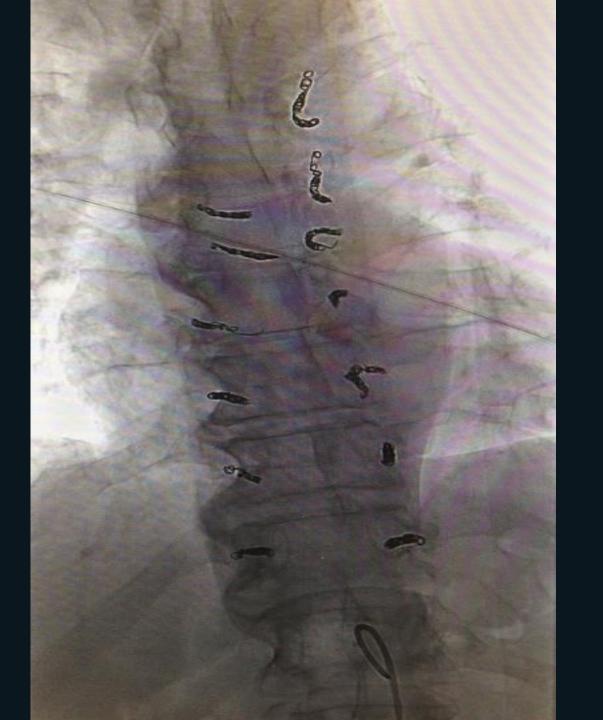
## Minimally Invasive Segmental Artery Coil Embolization (MISACE)

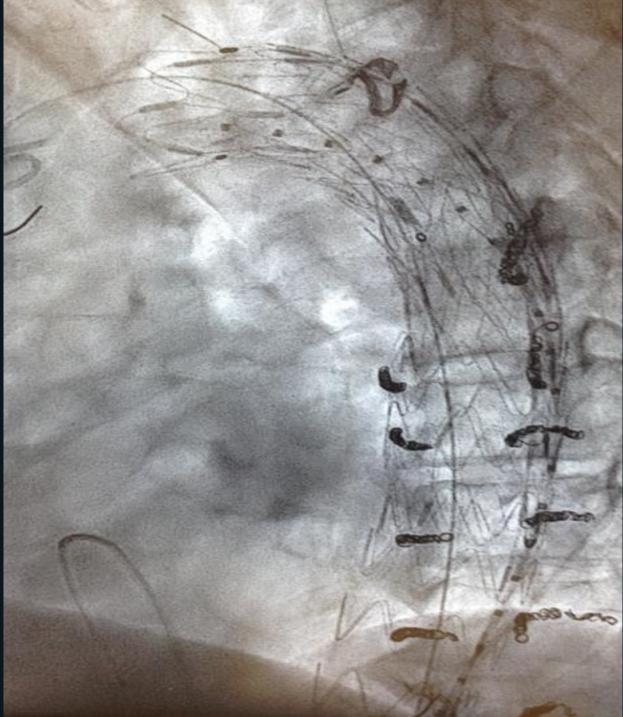
- First Stage -











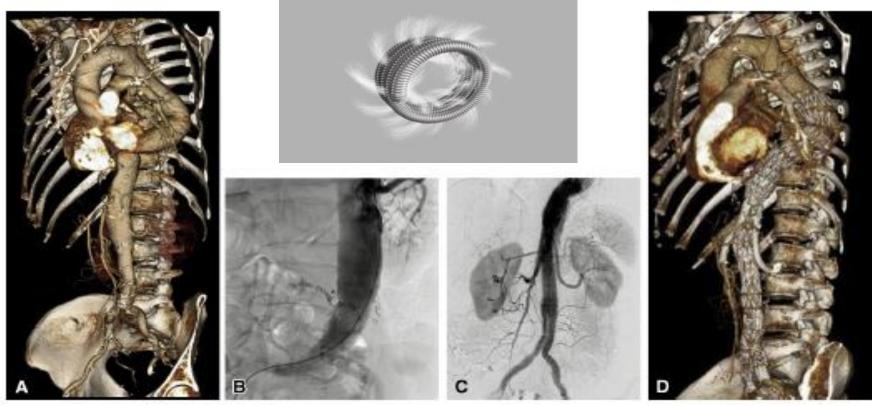


Universitäres Herzzentrum<br/>HamburgUNIVERSITÄT LEIPZIG<br/>H E R Z Z E N T R U M

MOUNT SINAI SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

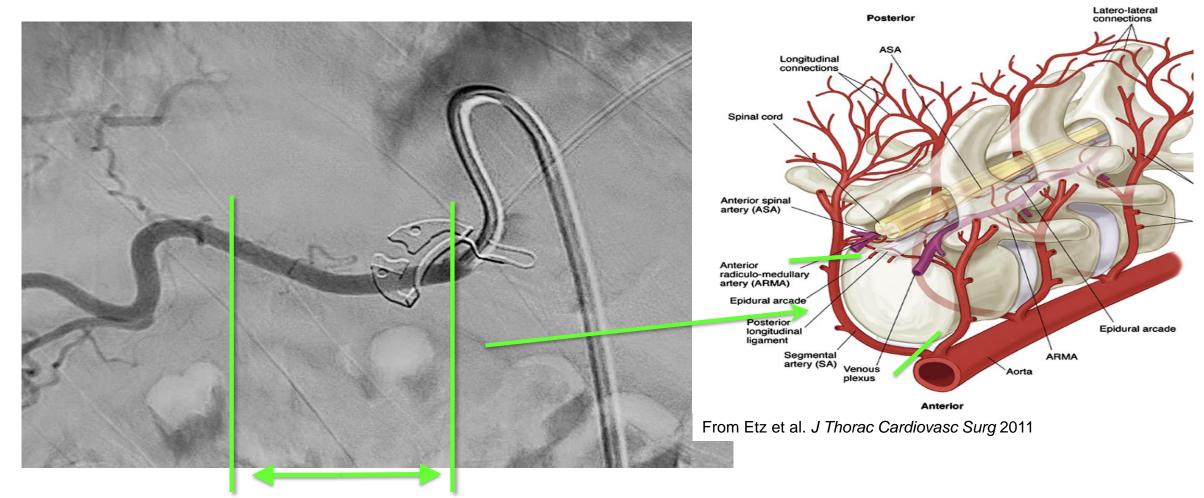
First-in-man endovascular preconditioning of the paraspinal collateral network by segmental artery coil embolization to prevent ischemic spinal cord injury

Christian D. Etz, MD, PhD,<sup>a</sup> E. Sebastian Debus, MD, PhD,<sup>b</sup> Friedrich-Wilhelm Mohr, MD, PhD,<sup>a</sup> and Tilo Kölbel, MD, PhD<sup>b</sup>



#### **Technical Considerations MIS<sup>2</sup>ACE**

where to embolize ?



SA should be occluded in their ostial segment

Etz et al. J Thorac Cardiovasc Surg 2015

#### **Technical aspects of MIS<sup>2</sup>ACE**

- Elective TAAA repair, high SCI risk
- local anesthesia
- percutaneous trans-femoral access
- +/- CSF-drainage
- monitoring of neurologic function for 72h

After 1-3 MIS<sup>2</sup>ACE sessions  $\rightarrow$  proceed to open- or endovascular TAAA repair



## Preliminary clinical evidence for MIS<sup>2</sup>ACE

# Ischaemic preconditioning of the spinal cord to prevent spinal cord ischaemia during endovascular repair of thoracoabdominal aortic aneurysm: first clinical experience

Published on 20 September 2018

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**Aims:** The purpose of our study was to report our experience with minimally invasive segmental artery coil embolisation (MISACE) to prevent spinal cord ischaemia (SCI) after endovascular repair (ER) of thoracoabdominal aortic aneurysm (TAAA).

**Methods and results:** A cohort of 57 patients with TAAAs was treated by MISACE followed by ER between October 2014 and December 2017. The TAAA Crawford classification was: type I, n=5; type II, n=12; type III, n=27; type IV, n=13. The average maximum aortic diameter was 62.7±8.8 mm. Patients had a median of 5 coiled SAs (range: 1-19). MISACE was completed in one (n=22), two (n=24), three (n=7), four (n=3) or five (n=1) sessions. The maximum number of coiled SAs per session was six. After completion of MISACE, 77.7% of direct segmental arterial flow was occluded. After a mean of 83±62 days, 55 of the patients received total ER of their TAAA. At 30 days after ER, no patient developed SCI and three patients had died.

#### **KEYWORDS**

- Embolisation technique
- Thoracic aorta aneurysm
- Thoracic aorta dissection

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- Von Aspern K
- Staab H
- Fuchs J
- Bergh F
- Scheinert D
- Schmidt A

#### MIS<sup>2</sup>ACE – PRELIMINARY CLINICAL EVIDENCE The Leipzig Experience

Sept 2014 – April 2017 (N=50, 36 type II or III)

	Variables		Ν	%	Crawford Classification	Ν
	Total		50		Type I	3
	Sex	Male	37	74		11
ΤΑΑΑ		Female	13	26	Type II	
	Age	Mean $\pm$ SD (y)	69.4±7.3		Type III	25
	History of				Type IV	11
	Hypertension		50	100	Maximal Aortic Diameter	
	COPD		18	36	Mean ± SD (mm)	62.8 ± 8.6
	Smoker		35	70	· · /	
	CAD		16	32	Previous Repair of the Aorta	10
(n=50)					thoracic	7
	Diabetes mellitus		19	38	abdominal	3
	Renal Insufficiency	GFR<60	17	34	Median interval between 2 staged	C = (0 = 10)
		Mean GFR±SD	68.8 ± 18.6		procedure (y)	6.5 (0.5 - 18)
	PAOD		9	18	TAAA atherosclerotic	47
	BMI	Mean ± SD (m/kg2)	27.9 ± 5.2		dissection	3

#### ZERO clinical spinal cord ischemia!



#### Evolution of MIS<sup>2</sup>ACE



# MIS<sup>2</sup>ACE is promising, level A evidence is required and the iatrogenic risk is unknown $\rightarrow$ RCT

# PAPAQITIES (Fighting spinal cord injury)



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 733203 and the German Research Foundation.





#### ... largest publicly funded RCT in aortic aneurysm repair







comparing ,staged' vs. ,conventional' approach



evaluating effectiveness of MISACE:

- SCI protection & endoleak type II prevention



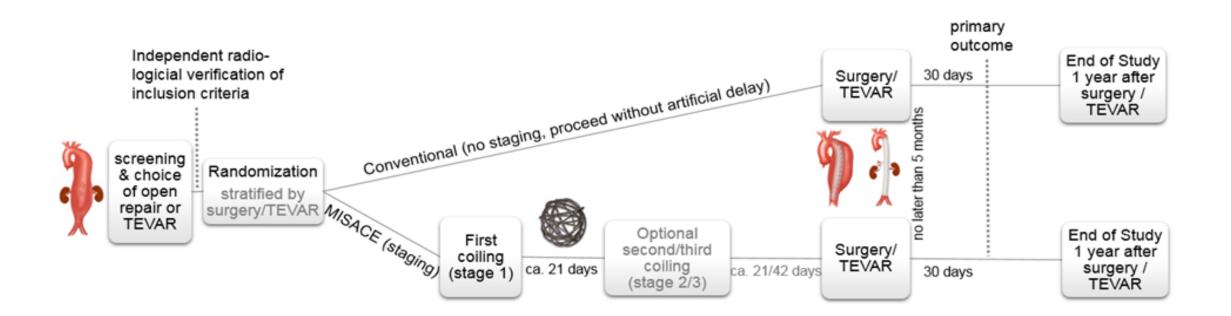




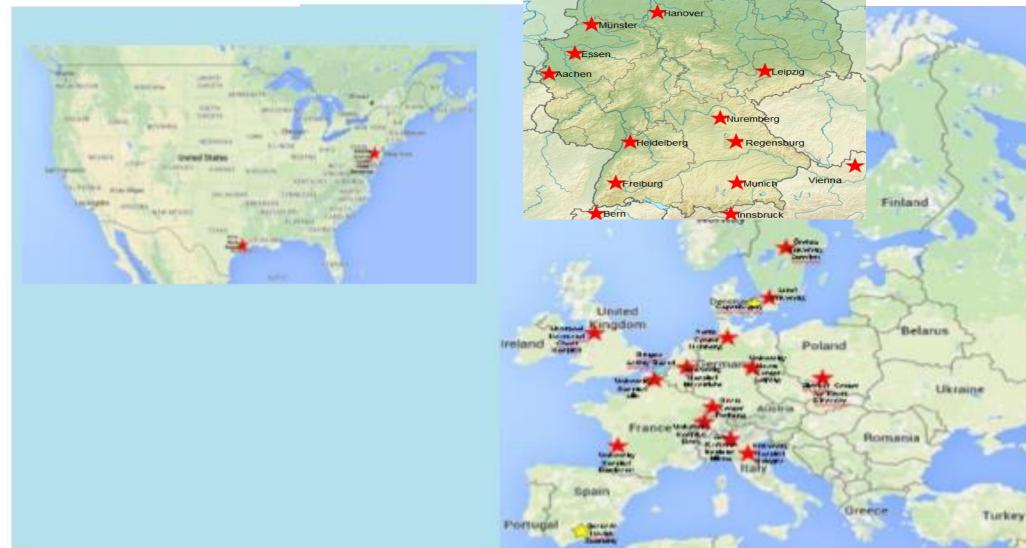
This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 733203 and the German Research Foundation.



Trial duration    First patient in to last patient out (months): 40      Duration of the entire trial (months): 46      Recruitment period (months): 24	
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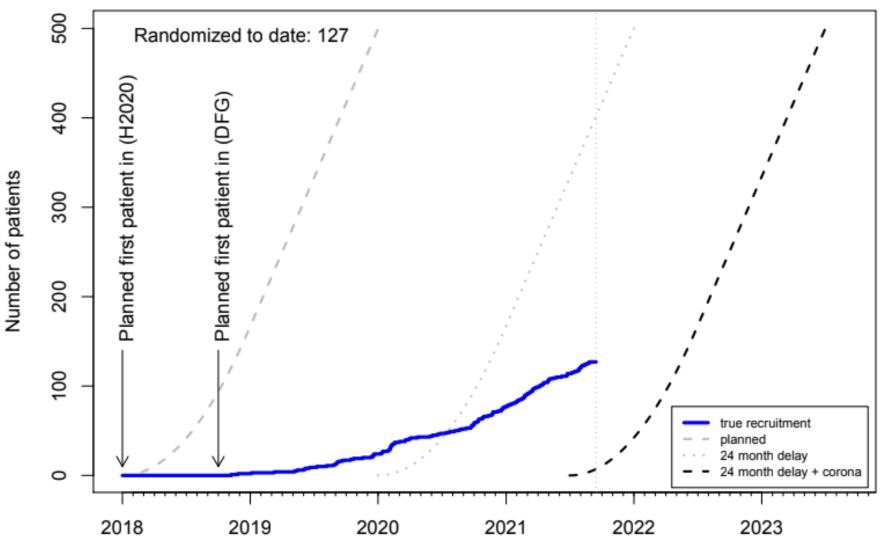




Hamburg

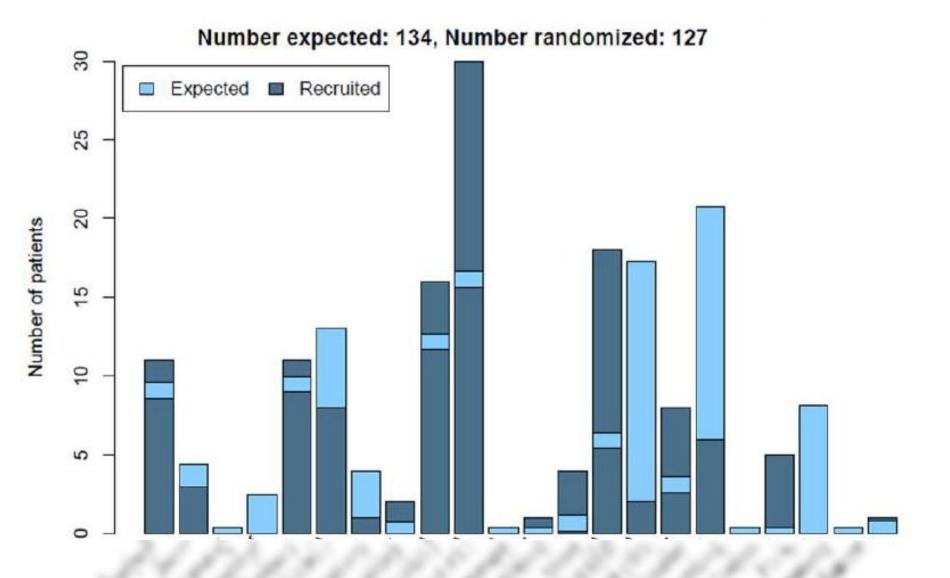
Figure 10 - Participating centres PAPA-ARTIS (EU, Switzerland and the US). Red stars represent recruitment centres and the yellow stars represent the radiology core lab (Copenhagen, WP6) and the health economics group (Grenada, WP3).







## **Current status of the RCT**







# Translational subprojekts

Winner of the 2018 EACTS Young Investigator Award for Vascular Disease

Cite this article as: von Aspern K, Haunschild J, Simoniuk U, Kaiser S, Misfeld M, Mohr FW et al. Optimal occlusion pattern for minimally invasive staged segmental artery coil embolization in a chronic porcine model. Eur J Cardiothorac Surg 2019; doi:10.1093/ejcts/ezy463.

#### Optimal occlusion pattern for minimally invasive staged segmental artery coil embolization in a chronic porcine model<sup>+</sup>

Konstantin von Aspern<sup>a,b,\*\*</sup>, Josephina Haunschild<sup>a,b,\*</sup>, Urszula Simoniuk<sup>b</sup>, Sven Kaiser<sup>c</sup>, Martin Misfeld<sup>a</sup>, Friedrich W. Mohr<sup>a</sup>, Michael A. Borger<sup>a</sup> and Christian D. Etz<sup>a,b</sup>

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  e-mail: konstantin\_vonaspern@uni-leipzig.de (K. von Aspern).

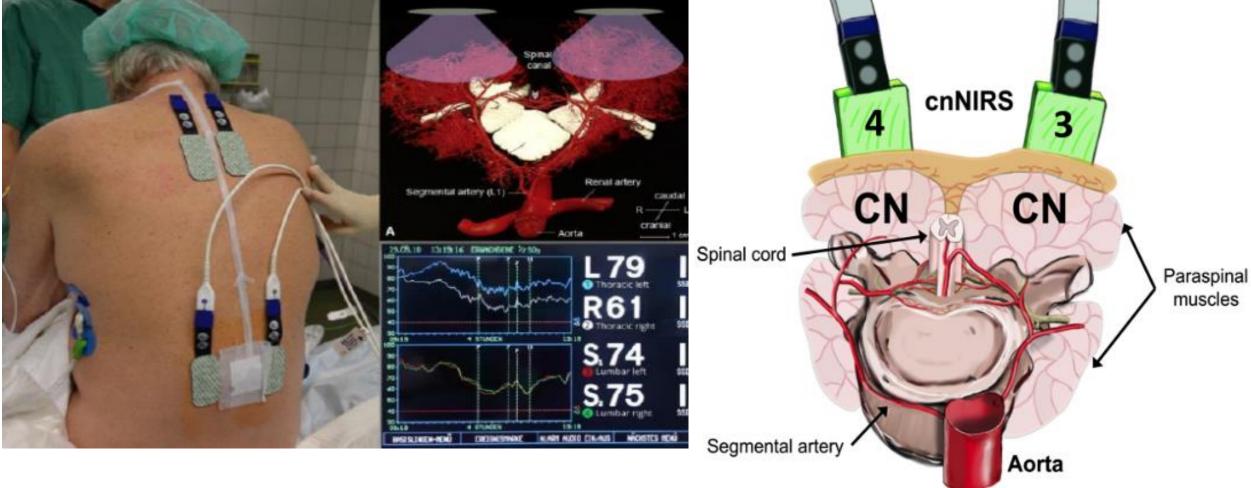
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#### Non-invasive, clinical real-time monitoring





Etz et al., Eur J Vasc Endovasc Surg. 2013 Dec;46(6):651-6
 Etz et al., Eur J Cardiothorac Surg. 2015 Jun;47(6):943-57

European Journal of Cardio-Thoracic Surgery 0 (2020) 1-8 doi:10.1093/ejcts/ezaa038

#### ORIGINAL ARTICLE

RESEARCH

strad/doi/10.1093/ejcts/ez.aa038/5814872 by christian.etz@med

SACHSISCHER INKUBATOR FÜR KLINISCHE TRANSLATION

Cite this article as: Haunschild J, von Aspern K, Khachatryan Z, Bianchi E, Friedheim T, Wipper S et al. Detrimental effects of cerebrospiral fluid pressure elevation on spinal cord perfusion: first-time direct detection in a large animal model. Eur J Cardiothorac Surg 2020; doi:10.1093/ejcts/eza038.

#### Detrimental effects of cerebrospinal fluid pressure elevation on spinal cord perfusion: first-time direct detection in a large animal model

Josephina Haunschild <sup>a</sup>, <sup>a</sup>, Konstantin von Aspern<sup>a</sup>, Zara Khachatryan<sup>b</sup>, Edoardo Bianchi<sup>a</sup>, Till Friedheim <sup>(6)</sup>, Sabine Wipper<sup>d</sup>, Constantin J. Trepte <sup>(6)</sup>, Susann Ossmann <sup>(6)</sup>, Michael A. Borger<sup>a</sup> and Christian D. Etz <sup>(6)</sup>

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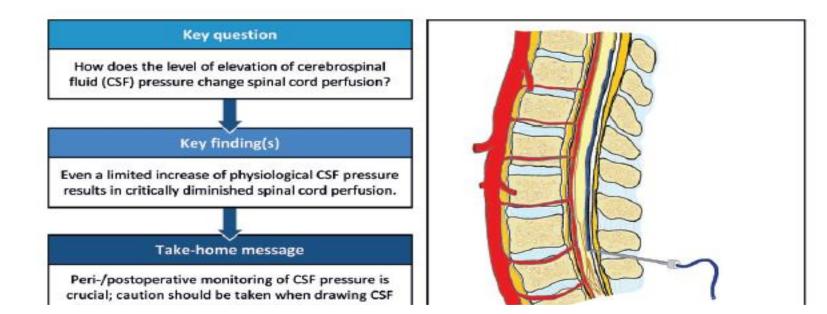
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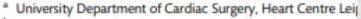




Cite this article as: Simoniuk UD, Haunschild J, von Aspern K, Boschmann M, Klug L, Khachatryan Z et al. Near real-time bedside detection of spinal cord ischaemia during aortic repair by microdialysis of the cerebrospinal fluid. Eur J Cardiothorac Surg 2020; doi:10.1093/ejcts/ezaa124.

#### Near real-time bedside detection of spinal cord ischaemia during aortic repair by microdialysis of the cerebrospinal fluid

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ORIGINAL ARTICLE

